

More participation, for a better health

ELSA MATEUS



1. Evidence on the impact of pain





RMDs in Portugal

64.1%	47.1%	Low back pain* is the most common RMD in the female population (26.4% of women)	56%
6 out of 10 Portuguese	4 out of 10 Portuguese	Low back pain* is the most common RMD in the male population (22.8% of men)	5,6 million [107 rheumatologists at National Health System, in 2015]

^{*}Followed by periarticular pathology (15,8%), knee osteoarthritis (12,4%) and osteoporosis (10,2%). EpiReumaPt data – 2014.

RMDs in Portugal

			£
45,1 %	Portuguese population with ages between 50 and 64 years old were not employed (2005-2006). *		
43,4 %	RMD were more prevalent among those out of work (vs. 32.1%; p<0.001).*	3 million	€ 910 million 0,5%
29,9 %	Portuguese population with ages between 50 and 64 were retired (2011-2013). **		national GDP
3,9 %	Self-reporting retirement due to RMD.**		

^{*} INS 2005-2006.

^{**} EpiReumaPt data – 2014. Laires, P., abstract presented at the EULAR Annual Conference of PARE 2017.

Chronic Pain in Portugal

13%	Patients with early retirement because of the pain
17%	Patients diagnosed with depression associated with chronic pain
35%	Dissatisfaction with the treatment of chronic pain
20%	Patients with chronic pain followed by a specialist

^{*} FMUP 2007

Chronic Pain in Portugal

			£
30%	Prevalence of Chronic Pain*		
16%	Pain Prevalence of chronic moderate to severe	3 million	2,7% national
50%	Patients with moderate or severe impact of Chronic Pain in domestic or activities	5 1111111011	national GDP
4%	Patients with job loss associated with chronic pain		

^{*} FMUP 2014

Pain in Portugal

		£	
61%	People experience body pain at least once a week*		
1,4	Working days loss due to body pain	€ 381 million	
50%	Work regularly feeling pain, which directly impacts their productivity and performance	[last 12 months]	

Global Pain Index 2017

2. Addressing the problem















Share experiences and effective self-strategies

Learn to live with pain (functional capacity + emotional + behavioral skills)

Define priorities and reset beliefs, values, attitudes, behavior and skills

Disclose, inform, raise public awareness and call to action















Photo Contest "Chronicles of Pain"





"Chronicles of Pain" Exhibitions

National Association of Pharmacies

XVII Forum for Support to the Rheumatic Patient, Lisbon, October 2014

FNAC – Alfragide Shopping Center

Lisbon, November 2014 - February 2015

Art & Pain Colloquium

Rectorate of the New University of Lisbon, organized by the NOVA Medical School and the Faculty of Social and Human Sciences, 26 e 27 November 2015.



























3. More participation, for a better health







MAIS PARTICIPAÇÃO melhor saúde

MORE PARTICIPATION, BETTER HEALTH –
PROMOTING PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT IN HEALTH

Background: The Public Participation Gap



- National Health Plan since 2004
 - Public participation is key to achieve better health outcomes
 - Participation at individual, institutional and political levels
- WHO (2010)
 - Involvement of health stakeholders is insufficient and selective
- International support and engagement for greater and meaningful public participation
 - EPF, IAPO, PARE, European Commission, EMA, NICE, FDA, European Pain Federation EFIC

The Goal



- To develop a Charter for Public Participation in Health that:
 - Is widely accepted and recognized by patient organisations and other health stakeholders (including decision-makers)
 - Can be used to promote public involvement in health decision-making
 - Is approved by the Portuguese Parliament

Working Team



























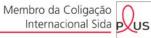






Centro de Estudos Sociais Laboratório Associado Universidade de Coimbra





Working Together



- Participatory action research methodology
- Whole-of-society-approach



Charter for Public Participation in Health





Carta para a Participação Pública em Saúde

- Signed by 82 CSOs and 30 individuals
 - Mostly patient organisations
 - Current and former MPs
 - Former MoHs
 - Health care professionals
 - University professors and researchers both from the public participation and health fields)
- Constitutional and policy framework
- Best international practices
- Principles and objectives
- Priorities, practices and guidelines
- Communication tool

Forum MORE PARTICIPATION, better health



- Portuguese Parliament
- Activists, MPs, MoH representative, National health Plan Director, SS of Administrative Modernisation, health professionals, media, public



Petition for Public Participation in Health

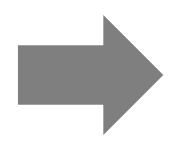


4000 signatures => discussion in the Plenary session with all Members of the Parliament





Charter
+
Forum
+
Petition



- Public discussion
- Political commitment
- New legislation (?)

By promoting public involvement in health, so that the patients' perspectives can be taken in account, we believe we can contribute to enhance the general quality of our healthcare system.







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